Central Valley Project and State Water Project Operations Criteria and Plan Biological Assessment

U.S. Department of the Interior
Bureau of Reclamation
Mid-Pacific Region
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Table 2-1 Major Proposed Future Operational Actions for Consultation.

Area of Project	2004 Conditions	Today 2008	Future 2030
Trinity & Whiskeytown	Trinity Restoration Flows	Same	Same
	368,600-815,000 af	2	
Shasta/Sacramento River	Red Bluff Diversion Dam (RBDD)	Same	New RBDD Operation
	8 months gates out		10 months gates out with pumping plant
Oroville and Feather River	Old FERC License and NMFS 2004 BO	Same	Expect New FERC License
Folsom and American River	Current Demands	Updated CurrentDemands, operate to New Flow Std, and Freeport Regional Water Project	Build out of demands, New Flow Standard, and Freeport Regional Water Project
New Melones and Stanislaus River	Interim Plan of Operations Guidance	New Transitional Plan	New Transitional Plan
Friant Division	Historic Operations	Same	Same
Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta	2001 Demands	2004 Demands	2030 Demands
Suisun Marsh	Same	Same	Expect to Implement New Charter
WQCP	D-1641	Same	Same
COA	1986 Guidance	Same	Same
CVPIA	May 9, 2003 Decision	Same	Same
CALFED	Full EWA	Full EWA	Limited EWA
Banks Pumping Plant	6680* cfs & Temp Barriers	6680* cfs & Temp Barriers	6680* cfs and Permanent barriers
Jones Pumping Plant	Max of 4600 cfs	Same	Max 4600 cfs with Flexiblity of Intertie

[•] This diversion rate is normally restricted to 6,680 cfs as a three-day average inflow to Clifton Court Forebay, although between December 15 and March 15, one-third of the San Joaquin River flow at Vernalis may be pumped in addition. Furthermore, as part of the adaptive management process the SWP is permitted to pump an additional 500 cfs between July 1 and September 30 to offset water costs associated with fisheries actions making the summer limit effectively 7,180 cfs.